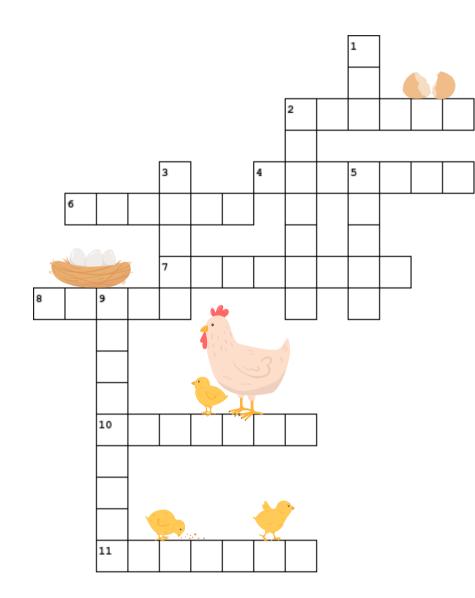


<u>Research</u> the proper chicken terms to complete the crossword.



Across

- 2. a small variety of chicken
- 4. birds raised domestically for meat/eggs
- 6. a young female chicken who does not yet lay eggs
- 7. a young male chicken
- 8. a baby chicken
- 10. a chicken raised for meat production
- 11. an adult male chicken used for breeding

Down

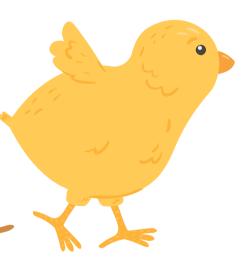
- 1. an adult female chicken who lays eggs
- 2. a heated house for baby chicks
- 3. a group of chickens
- 5. a chicken raised for egg production
- 9. a climate-controlled box used to hatch
 - eggs

Name:

EMBRY LOGY EXPLORATION







a student workbook from LTURE in the Classroom

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Explore how different birds' beaks have adapted to the food they eat!

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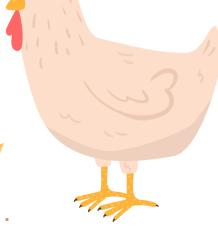
POULTRY FAST FACTS

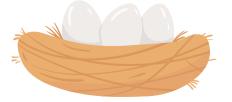
The average American eats 91 pounds of chicken and about 250 eggs per year.

Illinois has over 5 million chickens that produce nearly 128 million dozen eggs each year.

You can tell which color egg a hen will lay by the color of her earlobes.

Each hen lays approximately one egg a day, or 300 eggs a year.





Illinois Ag in the Classroom



Record how much of each "food" you can collect with each "beak" in <u>20 seconds</u>.

	Rubber Bands Collected (# of pieces)	Marshmallows Collected (# of pieces)	Rice Collected (# of pieces)	Colored Water Collected (mL in graduated cup)	Sunflower Seeds Collected (# of pieces)
Tweezers					
Binder Clip or Chip Clip					
Dropper					
Toothpick					
Slotted Spoon					

In this box, identify which type of "food" is best for each type of "beak."

Tweezers:

Toothpick:

Binder Clip / Chip Clip:

What would happen to a population of birds if their beaks were not able to pick up the food that was available to them?

BIRD BEAK LAB

Dropper:

Slotted Spoon:



Explore how different birds' beaks have adapted to the food they eat!

There are over 18,000 species of birds worldwide, and many of them have unique beak types that have evolved over time for their survival. For example: hummingbirds have long, narrow beaks to reach deep into flowers to drink their nectar. Ducks have beaks that act like strainers, picking up food and straining out the water. Bird beaks have also adapted to have a sharp "egg tooth" to help them break through the shell during hatching. This "egg tooth" falls off in the first days of life. Learn more about unique bird beaks in this activity!

In this activity, you will use a variety of household objects as makeshift "beaks" to try and pick up a variety of different types of "food."

"Beak" Objects:

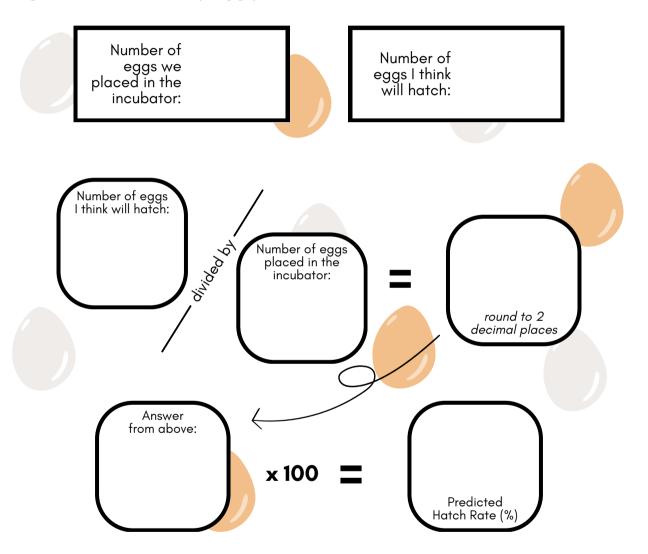
Binder Clip Tweezers or Chip Clip Toothpick Dropper Slotted Spoon

$\left(\right)$	"Food" Objects:			
	Rubber Bands	Marshmallows		
	Rice	Colored Water		
	Sunflo	ower Seeds		
	Sunflo	ower Seeds		

In the table below, <u>predict</u> which types of "food" listed above you will be able to pick up with each type of "beak." Then, brainstorm what types of birds you know that might have each type of beak.

	<u>Predict</u> : Which foods will I be able to pick up?	<u>Brainstorm</u> : What types of birds might have this type of beak?
Tweezers		
Binder Clip / Chip Clip		
Dropper		
Toothpick		
Slotted Spoon		

Hatch rate refers to the percentage of eggs that hatch from a "set" placed in an incubator at one time. Because not all eggs in a set were laid or fertilized at exactly the same time, and because not all incubators provide perfect conditions 100% of the time, there is no guarantee that every egg placed in an incubator at once will hatch.



Write one complete sentence about your predicted hatch rate (*I predict that...*):



An egg has eight basic parts. The **shell** is the hard outer surface that protects the inside. The color of the eggshell depends on the breed of chicken that laid it. Just inside the shell is a thin, flexible **shell membrane** that protects the egg against outside bacteria.

The clear liquid inside the egg sometimes called the "egg white" - is called the albumen. The **thick albumen** directly surrounds the yolk, and the thin albumen provides an extra barrier between the thick albumen and the shell. The yellow/orange center of the egg is called the **yolk** and is the major source of vitamins and minerals in the egg. A small spot called a **germinal disc** is found on the outside of the yolk. If the egg is fertilized, the germinal disc is what will go on to develop into a chick.

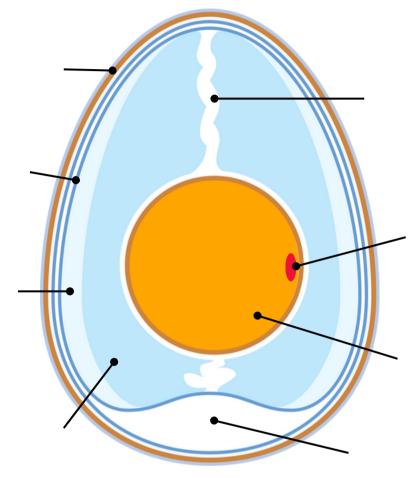
A white cord-like twisted strand called the **<u>chalaza</u>** (pronounced "ka-LAY-za") holds the yolk in the center of the egg. Finally, near the larger end of the egg is an **<u>air cell</u>**, which allows the baby chick to breathe inside the egg.

What does an egg shell look like <u>to the naked eye</u> ?		What <u>un</u>	does an egg shell look like <u>der a magnifying lens</u> ?	
Me	embrane Permec	ıbility O	bservation 🥢	
	Corn Syrup		Water	
hypothesis* (will the egg's weight <u>increase</u> or <u>decrease</u> ?)				
beginning weight (g)				
15-minute weight (g)				
30-minute weight (g)				
60-minute weight (g)				
90-minute weight (g)				

Was your hypothesis* correct? Form a conclusion as to why or why not using the data you have observed on this page.

EGG ANATOMY

Read the passage below and complete the egg anatomy diagram by writing the terms next to the lines.



SHELL POROSITY Conduct a fun experiment to learn about an egg shell's porosity.

DAILY INCUBATION OBSERVATION

Keep a record of incubation information each day.

Day

16

17

18

19

20

21

HATCH

RESULTS

It's Hatch Day! How many chicks hatched? What are their colors? Keep track of your

observations here

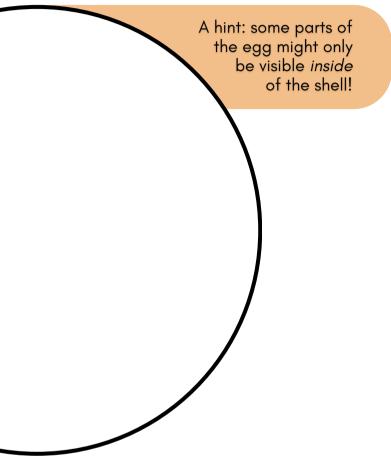
DAY

Date

Temp- erature	Humidity Life Cycle Image	Observations	C	arefully crack oper	n a <u>grocer</u>
	16			Draw the conter	nts of your
	17				
	19				
	20			Descr	ibe the <u>loc</u>
				shell	
				shell membrane	
				thick albumen	
				thin albumen	
				yolk	
				germinal disc	
				chalaza	
				air cell	



ar egg in the circle below and label the parts.



bok and <u>feel</u> of each of the parts of the egg.

DAILY INCUBATION OBSERVATION Keep a record of incubation information each day.

DAILY INCUBATION OBSERVATION Keep a record of incubation information each day.

Day	Date	Temp- erature			Observations
ex.	April 4, 2024	99.5°F	60%		Temperature and humidity are good! Egg 6 looks like it's bigger than the rest. I wonder why
1					
2					
3				0	
4				4	
5				*	
6				6	
7					

Day	Date	Temp- erature	Humidity	Life In
8				a construction of the second s
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				0

Embryology Exploration

Illinois Ag in the Classroom

midity	Life Cycle Image	Observations
	2	
	A P	
	2	
	And A	
	3	
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
	15	
Illinois	Ag in the C	Classroom Embryology Exploration