## CHICKEN TERMINOLOGY

Research the proper chicken terms to complete the crossword.


## Across

2. a small variety of chicken
3. birds raised domestically for meat/eggs
4. a young female chicken who does not yet lay eggs
5. a young male chicken
6. a baby chicken
7. a chicken raised for meat production
8. an adult male chicken used for breeding

## Name:

$\qquad$

## EMBRY LOGY EXPLORATION



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

$\qquad$Egg Anatomy \& Dissection
Daily Incubation Observation ..... 4
Shell Porosity Experiment ..... 7
Bird Beak Lab. ..... 8
Chicken Terminology Crossword. ..... 10

## POULTRY FAST FACTS

## The average American

 eats 91 pounds of chicken and about 250 eggs per year.Illinois has over 5 million chickens that produce nearly 128 million dozen eggs each year.

## BIRD BEAK LAB

Explore how different birds' beaks have adapted to the food they eat!
Record how much of each "food" you can collect with each "beak" in $\underline{20}$ seconds.

|  | Rubber Bands <br> Collected <br> (\# of pieces) | Marshmallows <br> Collected <br> (\# of pieces) | Rice Collected <br> (\# of pieces) | Colored Water <br> Collected (mL in <br> (raduated cup) | Sunflower Seeds <br> Collected <br> (\# of pieces) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tweezers |  |  |  |  |  |
| Binder Clip <br> or Chip Clip |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dropper |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toothpick |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slotted <br> Spoon |  |  |  |  |  |

In this box, identify which type of "food" is best for each type of "beak."

Tweezers:
Dropper:
Toothpick:
Slotted Spoon:
Binder Clip / Chip Clip:

What would happen to a population of birds if their beaks were not able to pick up the food that was available to them?

Embryology Exploration Table of Contents

## BIRD BEAK LAB

Explore how different birds' beaks have adapted to the food they eat!

There are over 18,000 species of birds worldwide, and many of them have unique beak types that have evolved over time for their survival. For example: hummingbirds have long, narrow beaks to reach deep into flowers to drink their nectar. Ducks have beaks that act like strainers, picking up food and straining out the water. Bird beaks have also adapted to have a sharp "egg tooth" to help them break through the shell during hatching. This "egg tooth" falls off in the first days of life. Learn more about unique bird beaks in this activity!

In this activity, you will use a variety of household objects as makeshift "beaks" to try and pick up a variety of different types of "food."
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{cc}\text { "Beak" Objects: } \\
\text { Tweezers } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Binder Clip } \\
\text { or Chip Clip }\end{array}
$$ <br>
Dropper \& Toothpick <br>

Slotted Spoon\end{array}\right) |\)| Rubber | Marshmallows |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bands | Objects: |
| Rice | Colored Water |
| Sunflower Seeds |  |

In the table below, predict which types of "food" listed above you will be able to pick up with each type of "beak." Then, brainstorm what types of birds you know that might have each type of beak.

|  | Predict: Which foods will I be <br> able to pick up? | Brainstorm: What types of birds <br> might have this type of beak? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tweezers |  |  |
| Binder Clip / <br> Chip Clip |  |  |
| Dropper |  |  |
| Toothpick |  |  |
| Slotted <br> Spoon |  |  |

## HATCH PREDICTION

Predict the number of eggs that will hatch!

Hatch rate refers to the percentage of eggs that hatch from a "set" placed in an incubator at one time. Because not all eggs in a set were laid or fertilized at exactly the same time, and because not all incubators provide perfect conditions $100 \%$ of the time, there is no guarantee that every egg placed in an incubator at once will hatch.


Write one complete sentence about your predicted hatch rate (I predict that...):
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Read the passage below and complete the egg anatomy diagram by writing the terms next to the lines.


An egg has eight basic parts. The shell is the hard outer surface that protects the inside. The color of the eggshell depends on the breed of chicken that laid it. Just inside the shell is a thin, flexible shell membrane that protects the egg against outside bacteria.

The clear liquid inside the egg sometimes called the "egg white" - is called the albumen. The thick albumen directly surrounds the yolk, and the thin albumen provides an extra barrier between the thick albumen and the shell.

The yellow/orange center of the egg is called the yolk and is the major source of vitamins and minerals in the egg. A small spot called a germinal disc is found on the outside of the yolk. If the egg is fertilized, the germinal disc is what will go on to develop into a chick.

A white cord-like twisted strand called the chalaza (pronounced "ka-LAY-za") holds the yolk in the center of the egg. Finally, near the larger end of the egg is an air cell, which allows the baby chick to breathe inside the egg.

Conduct a fun experiment to learn about an egg shell's porosity.


Was your hypothesis* correct? Form a conclusion as to why or why not using the data you have observed on this page.

Keep a record of incubation information each day.


[^0]DAILY INCUBATION OBSERVATION

| Day | Date | Temp- <br> erature | Humidity | Life Cycle <br> Image | Observations |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ex. | April 4, 2024 | $99.5^{\circ}$ F | $60 \%$ |  | Temperature and humidity are good! Egg 6 looks <br> like it's bigger than the rest. I wonder why... |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

DAILY INCUBATION OBSERVATION



[^0]:    6
    Embryology Exploration | Illinois Ag in the Classroom

